

REGIMENS FOR PREVIOUSLY TREATED MULTIPLE MYELOMA



is a cancer of the PLASMA CELLS in the bone marrow

> 100

More than 100 people are diagnosed every year ¹

2nd
Second most common blood cancer in Singapore 1

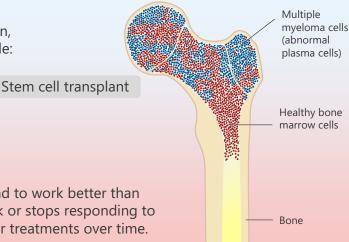
How is multiple myeloma **treated**?

Treatment **options** depend on the patient's condition, treatment history and genetic risk factors, and include:

Regimens with **two or more** of the following:

- Steroid
- Immunomodulator
- Proteasome inhibitor
- Monoclonal antibody

Multi-drug regimens are commonly used as they tend to work better than single drug treatments. The cancer often comes back or stops responding to treatment, so **most** patients will need to change their treatments over time.



In Singapore, there are many approved treatment regimens that are **commonly used** to treat patients if their multiple myeloma has **come back** or continued to worsen after previous treatment.

Published studies show that these regimens are **effective** for treating multiple myeloma. Local doctors **prefer 3-drug** regimens over **2-drug** regimens if patients can **tolerate** the increased side effects.

Drug class	Drug	Approved combination therapies commonly used in Singapore							
			3	3-drug	g		2-dr	ug	How to read this table?
Steroid	Dexamethasone	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	V	Read downwards: Each ✓ indicates the drugs in
Immunomodulator	Lenalidomide	\checkmark	✓	✓					the treatment regimen.
	Pomalidomide				✓			✓	In this column, the ✓ at dexamethasone and
Proteasome inhibitor	Bortezomib				✓	✓			pomalidomide indicates that the two drugs are approved
	Carfilzomib	✓					✓		for use together as a two-drug regimen.
	Ixazomib		✓						
Monoclonal antibody	Daratumumab			✓		✓			



ACE reviewed all available clinical evidence and received clinical advice from doctors for each treatment regimen. ACE also negotiated prices with the companies. ²

Treatment regimens with **carfilzomib, ixazomib** or **pomalidomide** were the best value for money (most cost-effective) at the prices proposed by the companies.



Cash or MediSave
needed every month
after subsidy and
MediShield Life for a
middle-income patient
receiving outpatient
treatment at public
hospitals*:

Carfilzomib + dexamethasone	\$100 to \$800	Subsidised ✓ MediShield Life: \$2000
Carfilzomib + generic lenalidomide (Lenli) + dexamethasone	\$100 to \$800	Subsidised ✓ MediShield Life: \$2000
lxazomib + generic lenalidomide (Lenli) + dexamethasone	\$100 to \$800	Subsidised ✓ MediShield Life: \$2000
Pomalidomide + dexamethasone	\$100 to \$800	Subsidised ✓ MediShield Life: \$2000
Pomalidomide + generic bortezomib (Pfizer) + dexamethasone	\$1,000 to \$2,000	Subsidised ✓ MediShield Life: \$2000
Daratumumab + lenalidomide + dexamethasone	\$6,000 to \$20,000#	Subsidised X MediShield Life: \$2000
Daratumumab + bortezomib + dexamethasone	\$6,000 to \$26,000#	Subsidised X MediShield Life: \$2000

If your multiple myeloma has **come back** after treatment, your doctor may recommend you take the treatment regimen that was given when you were first diagnosed, if you had a **good** response with it.



For patients who need to **change** treatment, regimens with **carfilzomib**, **ixazomib** or **pomalidomide** may be **preferred** by your doctor because they are **effective**, provide good value for money for treating multiple myeloma and have been **recommended** for government funding.³

Other treatment regimens may be recommended if your doctor feels that you will not be able to tolerate any of the options in the table above.

Talk to your **doctor** to discuss which treatment is suitable for you. You can also speak to a **medical social worker** if you need further financial assistance, or you can reach out to **local patient support groups**⁴ if you want to meet people with similar experiences.

Based on one dose of daratumumab every 4 weeks during maintenance period. Expenses may be **higher** than shown during the initial 24 weeks of treatment as more doses of daratumumab are needed.

HealthHub. Multiple Myeloma

ACE Technology Guidance, Review of cancer drugs for previously treated multiple myeloma. 4 January 2022. Ministry of Health, Singapore. Cancer Drug List.

Leukemia and Lymphoma Foundation, Singapore Cancer Society



The Agency for Care Effectiveness (ACE) was established by the Ministry of Health (Singapore) to drive better decision-making in healthcare through health technology assessment (HTA), clinical guidance and education. It publishes guidances on diagnosing, treating, and preventing different medical conditions based on the latest research information available worldwide. This factsheet is not, and should not be regarded as, a substitute for professional or medical advice. Please seek the advice of a qualified healthcare professional about any medical condition. © Agency for Care Effectiveness, Ministry of Health, Republic of Singapore. All rights reserved. Reproduction of this publication in whole or part in any material form is prohibited without the prior written permission of the copyright holder.

^{*} Expenses will differ according to the amount of medicine that each patient needs and does not include other costs for doctor consultations, medical tests etc. MediSave withdrawal is capped at \$600 per month for these treatments. For Singaporeans who are eligible for subsidy, treatment costs will be subsidised by 40% to 75%. For subsidised drugs, expenses have been calculated using prices proposed by the companies including patient assistance programmes. For non-subsidised drugs, prices at public healthcare institutions at the time of subsidy review were used.